## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-12. (Cancelled).

13. (Currently Amended) An optical communication network component comprising:

an optical information signal source to provide an optical information signal:

an output port to output the optical information signal over a first optical transmission fiber:

a light sensor;

an optical circulator to transmit the optical information signal from the optical information

signal source to the output port, and to transmit reflected light from the output port to the

light sensor; and

a first transmitter laser configured to associate a time marker with the optical information

signal provided by the optical information signal source:

an evaluating circuit coupled to the light sensor to detect a time delay between the time

marker and a corresponding time marker associated with the received light arriving at

the light sensor; and

a second transmitter laser to transmit a value representative of the detected time delay over

a second optical transmission fiber.

14. (Cancelled).

15. (Currently Amended) The component of claim 14 13 wherein the optical information signal

comprises a frequency-division multiplex communication signal, and wherein the light sensor is

configured to selectively sense one or more frequency components of the frequency-division

multiplex communication signal.

16. (Currently Amended) The component of claim 15 wherein the one or more frequency

components selectively sensed by the light sensor comprises a filling channel, and wherein an

optical power of the filling channel is controlled based on powers of payload channels so as to

maintain a total power of the optical information signal constant.

17. (Previously presented) The component of claim 15 wherein the one or more frequency  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

components selectively sensed by the light sensor comprises an OSC channel.

18. (Currently Amended) The component of claim 44 13 further comprising:

an input port connected to the second optical transmission fiber;

an optical switch; and

a receiver selectively connected to the second optical transmission fiber or to the optical

circulator via the optical switch.

19. (Currently Amended) The component of claim 17 wherein the receiver light sensor

comprises an OSC receiver.

20. (Currently Amended) The component of claim 47 18 wherein the optical switch is controlled

based on an intensity of the light reflected from the output port to the optical circulator.

21. (Previously Presented) The component of claim 20 wherein the optical information signal

source, the first transmitter laser, and the evaluating circuit are configured to reduce a power of

the optical information signal at the output port if the intensity of the light reflected from the

output port to the optical circulator exceeds a threshold.

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22. (Previously Presented) The component of claim 21 wherein the evaluating circuit is configured to determine the time delay responsive to reducing the power of the optical

information signal.

23. (Previously Presented) The component of claim 13 further comprising a tap disposed

between the optical circulator and the output port to monitor the optical information signal

provided by the optical information signal source.

24. (Previously Presented) An optical communication network comprising:

a bi-directional optical fiber; and

a first optical component connected at a first end of the bi-directional optical fiber and a

second optical component connected at a second end of the bi-directional optical fiber,

each optical component comprising:

an optical information signal source to provide an optical information signal;

an output port to output the optical information signal over the bi-directional optical

fiber;

a light sensor;

an optical circulator to transmit the optical information signal from the optical

information signal source to the output port, and to transmit reflected light from

the output port to the light sensor;

a first transmitter laser configured to associate a time marker with the optical

information signal provided by the optical information signal source; and

an evaluating circuit coupled to the light sensor to detect a time delay between the

time marker and a corresponding time marker associated with the received light

arriving at the light sensor.

25. (Previously Presented) The optical communication network of claim 24 wherein the first

optical component comprises an intermediate amplifier, and the second optical component

comprises a network node.

26. (Currently Amended) The optical communication network of claim 24 wherein the first

optical component further comprises a first switching fabric and a first de-multiplexer, and the

second optical component further comprises a second switching fabric and a multiplexer second

de-multiplexer.

27. (Currently Amended) The optical communication network of claim 26 wherein the first

switching fabric is disposed between the optical information signal source and the first de-

multiplexer in the first optical component, and the second switching fabric is disposed between

the optical information signal source and the multiplexer second de-multiplexer in the second

optical component.

28. (Previously Presented) The optical communication network of claim 24 wherein each of the

first and second optical components are configured to independently detect a defect in the bi-

directional optical fiber based on the detected time delay.

29. (Previously Presented) The optical communication network of claim of claim 28 wherein

each of the first and second optical components are further configured to measure a distance to

the defect in the bi-directional optical fiber to determine a position of the defect.